THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

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PRINTED BY
JOHN SCULL,
Front Street, opposite the Post-Office,
PITTSBURGH.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.

The Pittsburgh Gazette is published every Saturday Morning, at Three Dollars per annum, payable half yearly in advance.

If the subscriber does not order a discontinuance of his paper at the end of the year, it will be considered as a new engagement.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

First 3 insertions, one dollar per square.
Every subsequent insertion, 25 cents per do.
By the year, 10 dollars per do.

Advertising customers are requested to note the number of insertions on their Advertisements.

HANDBILLS, CARDS, BLANKS,
and Printing in general, executed with neatness and dispatch.

FRESH GOODS
ROBERT GETTY,

HAS just received and is now opening at his Store, corner of Diamond & Market Street, an extensive and general assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

CONSISTING OF

Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware, and Hardware.

Purchased since the late fall of Goods and will be sold unusually low.

H. BONNET,

HAS just brought to Pittsburgh, and will sell by the Package or Piece, at his Store in Diamond Alley, and as low as in Philadelphia, the change of Bank Notes and Carriage excepted, for Cash or approved Notes, viz:—

SILK, cotton, and thread laces of every kind
Florence, levantine, sattin, senshaw and velvet do.
Galloon, plain and fringed ribbons, do.
Silk cords, chenille, and boot cords
French, Italian, and Canton crapes
Figured silk, and gauze for millners
Silk and leather gloves
Cotton and silk stockings
Lumen cambrick
Bombazine and bombazett
Colleges of every kind
Cambrick, jaconet and mull muslin
Sewing silk, millinet, and wires
Black and fancy feathers
Silk and Marseilles vesting of any kind
Long cloth and Irish linen
Silk, thread and plated buttons
Real and mock madras handkerchiefs
Tag, and other kind do.
Paper and brown holland
Print, cotton balls and hat covers
Gingliams of any kind
Stock-net and Merino cord
Superfine broad cloth and cassimer
Chambray, striped, and plaid domestic cotton
With many other articles that will suit Country Storekeepers, who will find it their interest to call.

Pittsburgh, April 20, 1816. tf

BEAN & BUTLER,

Have just received and offer for Sale
English Blistered Steel,
American Do. Do. manufactured from Swedish iron
A few Faggots CROWLY STEEL
A few Barrels prime New Orleans SUGAR
50 Barrels SALT
Spanish Flotant INDIGO.
Pittsburgh, Dec. 28, 1815.

BOAT STORES
AND GROCERIES.
R. I. DUNN,

At his Store in Wood-street, near the Ferry.

KEEPS always a constant supply of provisions, Groceries and Liquors, (foreign and domestic) of the best quality.

☞ Boat Stores for gentlemen going down the river, are put up at the shortest notice, and on the most accommodating terms.

Pittsburgh, March 9, 1816. 6m

Greensburgh and Pittsburgh
TURNPIKE ROAD COMPANY.

THE President, Managers and Company have directed the 7th, 8th, 9th and 10th Instalments, of 10 per cent each, on the Capital Stock of the Company, to be paid to the Treasurer, in manner following, viz:—the 7th on or before the 6th of March; the 8th on or before the 6th of May; the 9th on or before the 6th of July; and the 10th and last on or before the 6th of September next—of which the Stockholders will please to take notice.

WILLIAM FREIDT, *Treasurer.*
3d February, 1816. 6m

The above Instalments, if paid within 60 days after the time appointed respectively, will be received by Messrs. Luckey, Stewart, and Morrow.

Steam Saw Mill.

THE Subscribers have for some time had their Works in complete operation, and now come forward to inform the public that they have a complete assortment of LUMBER ready put up; they have two hundred and fifty thousand feet of BOARDS of an excellent quality, forty of which are seasoned and clear stuff; they have cut and put up plank of the best quality, and are ready to fill any orders that may be sent them.

☞ The highest price will be given for good CHERRY and WALNUT LOGS.

ANDERSONS & GRAY.
Pittsburgh, March 13, 1816.

Cotton and Tobacco.

60 Bales Louisiana Cotton,
30 Kegs manufactured Tobacco.

ALSO,

Waldrons and common Scythes,
Sickles and Cutting Knives,

WITH AN ASSORTMENT OF

Wines, Liquors and Groceries,
Hardware, Ironmongery, &c.
FOR SALE, BY
HENRY DOANE.
Pittsburgh, May 10, 1816.

Stockholders,

In the Stoystown and Greensburgh Turnpike Road Company,

TAKE NOTICE, that the 2d, 3d, and 4th Instalments have become due; that from and after sixty days from the time the Instalments respect vely have been ordered by the Board to be paid to the Treasurer, you are subject to pay five per cent. per month (equal to sixty per cent. per annum) interest. The Board of Managers, on the faith of your subscriptions, have made extensive contracts for making the Road, which will render prompt collections absolutely necessary. It is therefore hoped, that you will pay that attention to this Notice, which will supersede the necessity of coercive measures, in which cases the interest will be demanded.

THOS. POLLOCK, *Treasurer.*
May 24, 1816.

Look Here!

I PROPOSE Renting on Perpetual Lease 10 LOTS of 50 by 55 feet each, near the Messrs. Pattersons' Paper Mill. The terms will be more accommodating than any yet offered on Lease betwixt Pittsburgh and Lawrenceville. Two of these Lots will front on the Allegheny River, and the rest adjoining—Apply to JAMES GRAY,
Corner of Liberty and Front Streets.
Pittsburgh, May 29, 1816. tf

John B. Trevor,

Having sold his Share in the Glass Manufactory heretofore conducted under the Firm of TREVOR & ENCELL, the business of said Establishment, in its various branches, is now carried on by

BOLTON, ENCELL & CO.
GLASS MANUFACTURERS,
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

At their commodious Warehouse in Wood Street, near the Monongahela Ferry; where they offer for Sale a general assortment of

Plain and Cut Flint Glass.

Orders for GLASS shall be executed with care and despatch, and GOODS and MERCHANDIZE received, stored and forwarded on the usual terms of Commission.

Having made arrangements for a regular supply of WINDOW GLASS and GREEN BOTTLES, *Bolton, Encell & Co.* will shortly be able to furnish their Customers with all kinds of Articles in the Glass line of business.

Pittsburgh, May 1, 1816.

London Particular,

MADEIRA,
LISBON,
PORT AND TENERIFFE, } WINES.

Four proof COGNIAC BRANDY, by the barrel, half barrel, or quarter.
LUMP SUGAR in barrels,
First quality HAVANNA SEGARS, by the box and half box,
MADDER in barrels,
To be Sold on Commission by D. S. SCULLY,
Market Street, Pittsburgh.

A constant supply of the above Articles, together with a general assortment of *GROCERIES* of the best quality, and on the most liberal terms, to be had at the above Store.

N. B. The highest premium given for GOLD and SILVER.

D. S. SCULLY.
Pittsburgh, May 22, 1816. tf

FOR SALE.

THE subscribers offer for sale, the following property belonging to the estate of THOMAS WALLACE, dec. viz- 1 lot fronting on Penn-street, sub-divided into building lots of 25 by 50 feet—one lot on Fourth, between Ferry-street and Redoubt alley—and 1 lot fronting on Redoubt alley, between Third and Fourth-streets. Also, one 10 acre out-lot situated near the town of Allegheny—all of which they will dispose of upon the most accommodating terms.

They will also have for lease for the term of 18 years, the tan yard formerly occupied by the deceased, subdivided into lots of 25 by 84 feet, fronting on third and fourth streets.

The lot to which the ferry on the Allegheny river at the mouth of Market street is attached will also be subdivided into building lots, subject to leases upon the same terms as above.

For further particulars, enquire of WILLIAM ROBINSON, Jun. or IRWIN WALLACE, who are authorised to make arrangements for the sale and lease of the above property.

GEORGE WALLACE,
WILLIAM ROBINSON, Jun.
MARY WALLACE,
IRWIN WALLACE.
Pittsburgh June 8, 1816.

WOOL CARDING.

THE Subscriber, grateful for the liberal share of patronage he has enjoyed, informs the Public, that his CARDING MACHINES are in complete order, and that Wool will be Carded at the former price, and at the shortest notice.

The Steam Fulling Mills

are also in complete operation Having the best workmen employed in this business, he is enabled to execute all orders with which he may be favoured, in the neatest manner.—Persons sending Cloth to be dressed, may always depend on having it finished without delay.

He has now on hand a large quantity of dressed Cloth, ready for his customers, which he requests them to take away.

FOR SALE, AS ABOVE,

A large quantity of DOMESTIC BROADCLOTH, CASSINETTS, SATTINETTS, &c. which will be sold at low prices, for good endorsed notes at sixty, ninety and one hundred and twenty days.

☞ All persons indebted will confer a favour by discharging their accounts.

JAMES ARTHURS.
Pittsburgh, May 25, 1816. 3t

Adjourned Court.

Prothonotary's Office, June 5, 1816.

An Adjourned Court of the Court of Common Pleas and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the county of Allegheny, for trials by Jury, will be held on the 4th Monday of this month, (24th) at which, the jurors summoned to attend on the first Monday of April last, and all persons bound by recognizance and all others concerned are required to attend.

E. PENTLAND, *Proth'y.*

FRESH GOODS
OF THE LATE IMPORTATIONS.

Just received and opened by the subscribers'—at their

WHOLESALE STORE,
In Wood, between Front & Second-streets,
A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF
DRY GOODS
AND
HARDWARE.
AMONG WHICH ARE,

German scythes and Mailand whet-stones—German and English steel, of superior quality—Looking-glasses of various kinds, &c. &c. Which they offer for sale, on accommodating terms.

CHARLES L. VOLZ, & Co.
Pittsburgh, April 27, 1816. 3m

WANTED,

10,000 Merchantable Deer-skins, for which a generous price will be given—if delivered within a month from this day.

C. L. V. & Co.

JOHN TOWN,
COPPER SMITH,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general, that he has removed his Manufactory from Fourth Street, where he lately carried it on, to the house formerly occupied by Mr. KERR as a Tavern, on the bank of the Monongahela river, near Wood Street, where he offers for Sale on as good terms as any in the place,

STILLS of all sizes in demand
Fullers Kettles
Hatters Plank and Dye Kettles
Copper and Brass Wash do.
Tea Kettles, &c. &c.

All of the same quality as he has heretofore sold.

Also, a general assortment of TIN WARE.

SALT PANS, BREWING KETTLES, and other large work made to order at a short notice.

Two good Workmen at the Copper Business, and four at the Tin, will, if they will call, meet with constant employment and the highest wages.

The highest price given for old Copper Brass and Pewter.

Pittsburgh, April 3, 1816. 3m.

NEW GOODS.

Just received from Philadelphia, an elegant assortment of

British, India and American *GOODS.*

Also, a good supply of

Groceries and Queensware.

A few Kegs LEIPER'S PHILADELPHIA TOBACCO.

For Sale by GEORGE WATSON,
Diamond Alley.
Pittsburgh, May 9, 1815. 5t

S. & J. Thompson,
MERCHANT TAYLORS,

South end of Market Street, Pittsburgh,
Have just received a large supply of

Superfine Cloths, Cassimers,

and VESTINGS, of the most fashionable colours and of a very superior quality. Likewise, an assortment of the most fashionable SUMMER STUFFS, MILITARY TRIMMINGS, &c. They have obtained the latest FASHIONS, and have a number of excellent Workmen, which will enable them to fill orders with dispatch.

☞ Six or Eight Journeymen, and One Apprentice, wanted immediately.

Pittsburgh, May 4, 1816.

REMOVAL.

Bradley & Butler,
TAYLORS.

THANKFUL for past favors, inform their Friends, Customers and the Public in general, that they have removed from their old stand to the east side of Market Street, between First and Second Streets, next door to D. S. Scully's Auction Store, where they carry on business as usual, and will be able to execute orders in their line with neatness and dispatch.

They have on hand *SUPERFINE CLOTHS, CASSIMERS, STOCKINET, and VESTING,* which they will sell at a small advance.

Wanted, Four or Five Journeymen, to whom constant employment and good wages will be given.

Pittsburgh, May 2, 1816. tf

FOR SALE.

A VALUABLE *TRACT* of *LAND,* containing 177 acres, situate in Deer township, Allegheny county, adjoining lands of Robert Miller, James Love and others, about 13 miles from Pittsburgh. The improvements consist of two story log dwelling House, and about 15 acres cleared. This tract is considered one of the best in the neighbourhood.

ALSO, FOR SALE,

A LOT of GROUND, in the City of Pittsburgh, being 46 feet front on Irwin Street and 64 feet deep, on which is erected a two story Frame House, 21 feet front and 32 feet deep, well finished, and other convenient buildings. This Lot is subject to two dollars per foot annually, forever. To suit purchasers I will sell that part of the Lot on which the House stands separately; the residue of the ground will have the advantage of two gables to build to.

ALSO,

A LOT of GROUND, situate in O'Hara's extension of Pittsburgh, being 30 feet in front and 30 feet in depth. On this Lot there is no building, but it has the advantage of two gable ends to build to. It is subject to a yearly rent forever of twenty five dollars.

For terms, which will be made easy, apply at the Office of the Pittsburgh Gazette, or to the subscriber living on the premises in Irwin Street.

RICHARD LEWIS.
Pittsburgh, April 15, 1816.

Pittsburgh Drug and Paint Warehouse.

AVERY & STEVENSON,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,

INFORM *PHYSICIANS, DRUGGISTS, PAINTERS,* and all dealers in the Drug and Paint line, that they have for Sale, at their Warehouse, corner of Wood and Second Streets, *Pittsburgh,* an extensive assortment of

Medicines, Drugs, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, &c.
WARRANTED OF PRIME QUALITY.

AVERY & STEVENSON, intending an extensive business, have made such arrangements as will insure them, at the lowest rates, (by importations, &c.) a regular supply of the best MEDICINES, PAINTS, &c.—and they pledge themselves to supply western orders without delay, at as low prices as will be done by the Druggists of Philadelphia and Baltimore, with the addition of carriage only.

A CONSTANT SUPPLY OF

Stevenson's White Lead,

Warranted equal to any in the United States.

WILLIAMS'S
Wholesale and Retail Store,

Market, between 3d & 4th streets.

SPRING GOODS.

20 PACKAGES of the latest importations, just received and now opening, at the above Store, being an extensive assortment of *Fancy* and *Staple* articles, suitable for the present and approaching season, which are offered on terms, the most accommodating.—Country merchants, wishing to renew their assortments, will find it their interest to call and examine the above. The assortment for retailing, is *compleat*—and sold on the very lowest terms.

Extra superfine blue and black cloth
Fine and coarse do,
Coatings & casinetts
Vestings, 1st quality silk and worsted
Coarse stockinetts
Blue, black, drab mixed, buff, white, scarlet cassimeres, &c.
Pelisse cloths & flannel
} Extra and common calicoes, Do. furniture do., Furniture dimity, Cambrick do., Gingham, Fancy muslins, Cambrick do., 4, 6, 8 & 10 1-4 diaper, &c. &c. &c.

Leventine silks
Florences
Shenshaws
Mantuas
Florentines
Chinnetts
Sasenetts
} Italian & Canton crapes, Large assortment silk shawls and hand'kfs., Long and short silk gloves, Silk hose, Laces, &c. &c.

GROCERIES.

Coffee
Teas
Copperas
Alum
Madder
Indigo
Segars
Chocolate
} Rice, Allspice, Pepper, Cinnamon, Cloves, Nutmegs, Tobacco.

Assortment of
HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.

New-Orleans Sugar by the bbl.

By the Crate, QUEENSWARE, well assorted for Country Merchants.

WHISKEY by the Barrel.

N. B. Those indebted to the subscriber, will please take notice, that ALL accounts, not satisfactorily settled by middle of April, coming—will, without distinction, be left with proper officers for collection.

ELIAS WILLIAMS.
Pittsburgh, March 16, 1816.

PITTSBURGH
Soap & Candle Manufactory,

SECOND, BETWEEN FERRY AND MARKET STREETS.

THE Subscriber having considerably enlarged his Works, is ready to receive orders for supplying SOAP, hard or soft, which he engages to deliver on as good terms as can be procured from any other quarter.

Late speculations for the purpose of sending over the mountains, having drained the necessary supplies of Tallow from the market, obliges him to apologise for his present inability to supply the demand for Candles. He hopes his friends will see the necessity of prompt payment, in order to prevent in future such a procedure, to counteract which is indispensably necessary, as it is a fact beyond doubt that the markets at the most productive seasons are barely sufficient to meet the increasing wants of the inhabitants, in an article so necessary.

NICHOLAS O'CALLAGHAN.
May 10, 1816.

Storage and Commission
WAREHOUSE,
BY JESSE REEDER,

WHO has again resumed the Storage and Commission Business, in his well known Warehouse above the Steam Mill, in Cincinnati, where he can load and unload boats without the expence of drayage, the only Warehouse in the place where this expence can be saved.

Merchants and Boatmen may always depend on every attention in forwarding and transacting all concerns entrusted to him.

April 1816. 8t

Kentucky White Lead.

256 Kegs ground in Oil,
5,600 Pounds Dry, for Sale, by
ALLEN & GRANT.
Pittsburgh, 25th May, 1816.

TO RENT,

A Brick House, situate on the corner of Fourth Street and Chancery Lane.

Apply to,
GEORGE POE, Jr.
Pittsburgh, May 10, 1816.

Valuable Property for Sale.

THE Subscriber will Sell the whole or any part of the following described Valuable Property, viz:—

A LOT OF GROUND, situated at the corner of Smithfield and Second Streets, in the City of Pittsburgh, containing 50 feet in front on Smithfield Street, and 66 and an half feet in depth. This Lot can be conveniently divided into two handsome building Lots of 25 feet front each; and the scite of the Bridge over the Monongahela River being fixed at the mouth of Smithfield Street, renders them eligible stands for Mercantile, Manufacturing, or Mechanical business.

THREE LOTS OF GROUND in the City of Pittsburgh—one fronting on Second Street, opposite the New Market, fronting a square of 100 feet wide extending to Smithfield Street, containing 40 feet front on Second Street, and extending in depth towards Front Street 65 feet, on which is erected a large and commodious Warehouse, suitable for any person engaged in Commission business—and its vicinity to the river, renders it peculiarly advantageous to mercantile men. The other two Lots are situated on the north side of Front Street—one of them containing 40 feet front on Front Street, and extending in depth towards Second Street 65 feet, on which is erected a large two story Frame Dwelling House, recently occupied by Thomas Bracken—the other adjoining the above 20 feet in front on Front Street, and 65 feet deep; both eligible situations for business

Also, *A LOT OUT LOT,* adjoining the City, containing about 16 acres, and adjoining property belonging to Doctor George Stevenson, and James R. Butler, bounded on the Monongahela river, and the public road leading to the Turnpike at Thompson's Lane. This Lot is in the highest state of cultivation, with a thriving young Orchard of the best grafted fruit, a Brick Spring House, over one of the finest springs in the Western Country, and a variety of other improvements. This Lot will be Sold either in whole, or be divided into small Lots, to suit purchasers, a plan of which may be seen on application to the subscriber.

The whole of the above described property, recently belonged to the late Thomas Bracken. The terms will be liberal and accommodating to purchasers. Any person wishing to view any part of the property, will apply to the subscriber, or those on the premises.

DAVID PRIDE.
Pittsburgh, April 3, 1816.

ROSIN SOAP.

ORMSBY & DOANE have just received a supply of ROSIN SOAP, which they offer for Sale. *Also,*
21 Kegs superior manufactured TOBACCO.
Pittsburgh, April 20, 1816.

20 Bales New-Orleans Cotton,

10,000lbs. Campeachy Logwood,
Just received for Sale, by
ALLEN & GRANT.
Pittsburgh, 18th April, 1816.

SPECIE.

The highest Premium given for SPECIE,
By BOSLER & CO.
Pittsburgh, 17th May, 1816.

WHO HAVE FOR SALE,
PRIME COTTON,
NEW-ORLEANS SUGAR,
PIG LEAD,
KENHAWA SALT,
SPANISH HIDES,
QUEENSWARE, by the Crate,
LOGWOOD, SHOT, &c. &c. &c.

FOR SALE,

A STOUT healthy Negro WOMAN. She was 21 years old the 6th day of March last, and has to serve until 28. For particulars enquire of the Subscriber.

LEWIS PETERS.
Pittsburgh, May 30, 1816.

Specie Payments

CAN be avoided by all persons in arrears for Taxes or Duties, by their making payment to the Collector, or his deputies, previous to the first day of July next—and to give every aid in my power to those concerned, my Office will be open at the house of Mrs. M'Cullough, in the City of Pittsburgh, from 10 o'clock on Thursday the 27th, until 10 o'clock, A. M. on Saturday the 29th inst.

Those who do not avail themselves of this opportunity, will have no reason to complain, if they should meet with difficulty in obtaining that kind of money which will (after that time) be received by the Collector.

JAMES PATTERSON,
Collector of Revenue.
Collector's Office, June 1, 1816.

Ten Cents Reward.

RANAWAY on Sunday the 2d instant, from the subscriber, JOHN M'CAULEY, aged about 17 years; an apprentice to the tinning business. The above reward, but no charges, will be paid for his apprehension and delivery to me in Pittsburgh.

REUBEN NEAL.
June 15, 1816.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETE.

SATURDAY, JUNE 22, 1816.

From the Alexandria Gazette.

A STONE IS LAID.

Mr. Custis of Arlington, and a party of gentlemen, returning from Smith's Island, have visited Pope's creek, in the county of Westmoreland, ever memorable as the birth place of WASHINGTON, and have placed a stone upon the remains of the old Mansion-House, in which the Hero first saw the light. The stone is a plain freestone slab, and bears this simple inscription:

HERE
On the 11th of February, 1732,
WASHINGTON
WAS BORN.

The report of cannon from the vessel awakened the echoes of the place, and told, that Americans were paying affectionate tribute to the memory of their Chief.

Westmoreland, 4th June, 1816.

FURTHER EXTRACTS

From Memoranda in Europe in 1815—16.

LISLE, a handsome city, and one of the strongest in France, with an elegant and powerful citadel, receives its name from rising a little above the low marshy grounds which surrounds it, is bastioned after Vauban, and has numerous exterior works. The ditches can be filled from river and canal inundations made for two or three leagues. The corn magazine is very extensive, receiving light and air from 360 windows.

Tournay, fortifications ancient, with semi-circular bastions, ditches can be filled with water. This place, Ath, Mons and other Belgic places, were injured and dismantled by the Emperor Joseph IId to keep the country in subjection, but the government of Holland, at the expence of France, are now erecting these places: Namur and Charlero, on the French frontier, into fortifications of the highest class.

Belgium has many resemblances to our own country. The churches with steeples and weathercocks, announce that you have passed the frontier of France, as also their wooden floors (the French are almost universally brick) grates for coals and other domestic utensils, introduced by their ancient commerce with England. The inhabitants have less vivacity than the French, but speak their language entirely, ape their fashions and mode of association, and regret their separation extremely. They are very jealous of the Hollanders, and hate them most heartily, owing to ancient feuds and religious distinctions, and complain that government oppresses them in favor of Holland, especially as to taxes; the same duties are continued which existed before the union, and every minister of the king, has been selected from Holland proper.

Brussels is an elegant city, with a large beautiful park, and grand antique church, containing fine paintings by Flemish artists, and the sabbath is well observed—Museum contains many fine paintings by Reubens, one of them the most striking and terrible I ever met, the martyrdom of a bishop by pulling out his tongue with pincers, and throwing it to the mastiffs, said to be founded on fact. Those by Vandyke are very natural, and Raphael's very delicate and beautiful. The king, according to his portrait here, is of the middle size, features not striking, about 50, and resembles a little the emperor of Germany. Many fine paintings. Many fine paintings are nearly ruined by being long buried under ground from the French.—This museum, schools of law and of medicine, with a botanic garden attached to it, are well patronized, and established in the ancient palace of Charles V.—the city is well watered by fountains, the water from which does not inundate the streets, like those of Paris, but is carried off by conduits.

Go to Waterlow and Mount St. Jean, half a league further on the road to Charleroi, take a conductor, an intelligent peasant who served as an assistant in the battle, and who finds full employment in his present occupation, from the vast number of strangers, especially English, who visit the battle ground.—Visit chateau of Hougomont, on the British right wing, nearly demolished by artillery and conflagration, guide says the French made a lodgment in the garden, and that to expel them, employed congreves, which set a barn on fire and burnt many of the French to death. The British deny that the French ever advanced beyond an ornamental wood, outside of the Chateau, and attribute the fire to hot balls of the French. A little chapel here was almost miraculously saved, having an image of the Savior a little scorched only. This position was very strong, with a thick and powerful garden wall of brick, high enough to be manned with two tier of soldiers to fire through the loop holes which were pierced in it.

The head-quarters of Bonaparte were about half a league in the rear, but his principal station during the action, was near Belle Alliance, a small farm house on a rising ground, about half a mile from the British line, it was considerably shattered by balls. Next to Hougomont, the strongest post was the farm of Have Sainte, a little in advance of the British centre, and most hotly contested, this also had very powerful walls, was taken, commanded by the British line, most desperately fought for and maintained, to the last, by the British. On top of the British height, before the left wing, was a long but very weak sparse hedge, scarcely the slightest protection, and along the whole of their position, there were no ramparts, but a little dirt (genouilles) was thrown up before some of the cannon. The ascent was so slight and gradual, that the French cavalry could charge along the whole line, except that deep mire in the valley, between the two armies was some obstruction, and was so considerable as to prevent the French artillery from maneuvring or advancing. The very broad, paved main road from Brussells, however, which passed through the British centre, was very convenient for cavalry charges, and every advantage was taken of this by the French. A very powerful battery was marked by the British cavalry, which, by its terrible fire, at the last attack of the French cuirassiers, nearly swept away the whole of them.

Shown where the prince of Orange was wounded, where Wellington came between both armies in the hottest fire; also, the tree where he was reconnoitring, crushed with a hundred balls, but he kept his place—where Bonaparte first turned his back to fly about half way between his station and English line:—also, where the English and Hanoverian cavalry made their famous and unprecedented charges on French cavalry; they were in two lines; nine successive times they advanced in rotation, the rear line charging as soon as the swords of the first were heard to clash, who retired to the rear to reform and renew in their turn, the same desperate charge; they literally cut the French to pieces.

After the battle, the field was covered with solid squares of the French literally piled on each other, and with thousands of wounded crying in agony "companion, for the love of God make me die;" this my conductor repeated in French, in a tone of horror, which perfectly convinced me it was the echo of a terrible reality, forcibly impressed on his memory. Near the termination of the battle, arose a most serious false alarm, which redoubled the miseries of the engagement. A cry of French victory was caused by a large corps of prisoners being marched to Brussels with colours displayed, or as some suppose, by hired spies of the French. The commissaries stove their liquors and destroyed provisions, and with the inhabitants fled in dismay, on the road to Brussels, which was loaded with wrecks of carriages and horses, crushed to death in the confusion. For this, some of the commissaries were deservedly shot.—The wells on the alarm, were dismantled by the British, adding the misery of thirst to agravated suffering. Five days elapsed before the wounded of the allies, and eight or nine, before those of the French could be dressed, during this time all the latter and many of the former, were compelled for want of shelter, to lie uncovered and exposed on the field of battle; they were, however, humanely supplied with as much provisions and water as could be procured.

I am very well informed, though surprised to learn, from best informed English officers, that lord Wellington, notwithstanding his uniform and unparalleled success, is exceedingly unpopular in the army, both with officers and men.—This is attributed to his unbending pride and unyielding severity. Their commissariat, now the best in the world, was extremely faulty when they were in Spain. Fourteen French commissaries were bribed to come over to them, but the defect was found to exist not in the system—which was superior to the French, but in its execution. The soldiers were starving from the negligence and speculation of unprincipled commissaries; instead of hanging them as they deserved, Lord Wellington had soldiers hung by dozens, for touching the slightest food of the inhabitants.—This caused the greatest discontents, and lord Hill openly pronounced his general order against the irregularities of the troops, a libel on the army.

He is charged also with employing a few Scotch and Irish divisions, in all the most bloody and desperate fighting, and favoring some English corps, officered by noblemen, which, from not fighting, are by the soldiers, very aptly termed invincibles.

The best opinion is, that lord Wellington has been equalled, perhaps surpassed, in genius and enterprize, but never in grand scientific professional calculation.

A DOUBLE CONSCIOUSNESS,

Or quality of a person in the same Individual.

The Medical Repository furnishes the following singular article communicated by Doctor Mitchel to the Reverend Doctor Nott, dated January 1816.

Where I was employed early in December, 1815, with several other gentlemen, in doing the duty of a visitor to the United States' Military Academy at West Point, a very extraordinary case of *double consciousness*, in a woman, was related to me by one of the Professors. Major Ellicott, who so worthily occupies the mathematical chair in that seminary, vouched for the correctness of the following narrative, the subject of which is related to him by blood, and, an inhabitant of one of the western counties of Pennsylvania:

Miss R—possessed naturally a very good constitution, and arrived at adult age without having it impaired by disease. She possessed an excelent capacity, and enjoyed fair opportunities to acquire knowledge. Besides the domestic arts and social attainments, she had improved her mind by reading and conversation, and was well versed in penmanship. Her memory was capacious, and stored with a copious stock of ideas. Unexpectedly, and without any forwarning, she fell into a profound sleep, which continued several hours beyond the ordinary term. On waking, she was discovered to have lost every trait of acquired knowledge. Her memory was *tabula rasa*—all vestige, both of words and things, were obliterated and gone. It was found necessary for her to learn every thing again.—She even acquired by new efforts the arts of spelling, reading, writing and calculating, and gradually became acquainted with the persons and objects around, like a being for the first time bro't into the world. In these exercises she made considerable proficiency, and after a few months, another fit of solemnity invaded her. On rousing from it she found herself restored to the state she was before the first paroxism; but was wholly ignorant of every event and occurrence that had befallen her afterwards. The former condition of her existence she now calls the *old* state, and the latter the *new* state; and she is unconscious of her *double* character, as two distinct persons are of their respective natures. For example, in her old state she possesses all her original knowledge; in her new state only what she acquired since. If a gentleman or lady be introduced to her in the old state, and *vice versa*, and so of all other matters; to know them satisfactory she must learn them in both states.—In the old state she possesses fine powers of Penmanship; while in the new, she writes a poor awkward hand, having not had time or means to become expert. During four years and upwards, she has undergone periodical transitions from one of these states to the other. The alterations are always consequent upon a long and sound sleep. Both the lady and her family are now capable of conducting the affair without embarrassment. By simply knowing whether she is in the old or new state, they regulate the intercourse, and govern themselves accordingly. A history of her curious case is drawing up by the Rev. Timothy Aldin, of Meadville.

VOYAGE TO TURKEY

It appears by the last accounts from the Mediterranean, that although the American squadron still remained at Port Mahon, Commodores Perry and Shaw, intended as soon as practicable to sail for the city of Constantinople, the Capital of the Turkish Empire in Europe. The object of our Government in this extraordinary voyage is probably twofold. The Northern Nations of Europe know but little of America—the Turks perhaps less than their neighbors. These latter are a domestic people—they seldom or never adventure beyond their own seas; we do not say but they have heard of the country called the United States of America—but the discovery of the Western World, and the name of our Republic, may be conjectured the utmost extent of their knowledge. If our countrymen, therefore, wish to be known and rspected by the Infidels—and to be respected they need only to be known—we know of no expedient more to the purpose, than to dispatch a respectable squadron of our national armed ships into the Dardanells. This, then is one object.

Another may be, to give the Sultan some previous intimation with regard to the projected Embassy from the United States to the Porte; which we now understand is resolved upon, in consequence of the repeated representations of the resident minister of his sublime highness at London, and to Mr. Adams our ambassador, to reside near his court from the U. States of America.—

Petersburg Intel.

FOR SALE.

A TRACT of LAND, containing 400 acres, in Venango County, on the road leading from Pittsburgh to Erie, at the crossing of Sandy creek. On the premises are erected a Cabin and large Barn, about 40 acres cleared, and an orchard of 50 apple trees. On the tract is a bank of iron ore, and an eligible seat for a furnace and forge.

Also, one other Tract of Land, containing 389 acres 78 perches, situate on the road from Pittsburgh to Franklin, about 5 miles from the latter place. There is a Cabin and Barn, 13 acres cleared, and 37 bearing apple trees on it, a large bed of iron ore, and a creek runs through the land containing sufficient water for iron works. An indisputable title will be given. For further particulars apply to Mr. JOHN DAVIS, at the lower ferry on the Allegheny River, Pittsburgh, who is fully authorised to make the sale and title.

ROBERT HYNER.

June 4, 1816.

N. B. If not Sold at Private Sale before Saturday the 29th June, inst. it will on that day be Sold at Public Auction at the Court-House in the City of Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE,

Very Cheap for CASH,

Two acres of ground, situate on the Monongahela Road, one mile from the City of Pittsburgh. The Land is of the first quality. An indisputable title will be given. For particulars apply to

JOHN IRWIN.

Pittsburgh, June 22, 1816.

WILLIAM HILL,

SOUTH EAST CORNER MARKET AND FOURTH STREETS,

Has received a large and general assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

Which he offers for Sale on moderate terms, *wholesale* and *retail*, chiefly consisting of

SUPERFINE, second, habit and common cloths
Stockinetts, velvets, cords and cassimers
Flannels, blankets and baizes
Fancy and common waistcoatings
Super dressed and undressed prints
Common prints and plates
Ginghams, bombazetts, jeans and dimities
Cambrick, mull-mull, jaconet, and fancy figured muslin
Shirting and Colerain muslins
1 case assorted Irish Linen
Linen cambrick
Levantine, mantua and senshaw silks
Linen and cotton checks and domestic plaids
India and domestic muslin
Mens' and womens' silk, worsted and cotton Hosiery
Levantine, damask and serge silk shawls,
Black Barcelona, scariet and flag Band, hdkfs.
Sup. and common Madrass handkerchiefs and cotton shawls
6-4 plain and figured silk lace
Laced and fancy silk handkerchiefs
Crapes and gauzes
Blue and yellow nankeen
Umbrellas and parasols
Hat covers
Ribbands, galloons, shoe and quality binding, sewing silks, silk twist, tapes, Scot's thread, suspenders, needles, pins No. 3 1-2 a 5
A great variety of fancy articles
Mens' coarse and fine shoes
Womens' morocco and leather shoes
Misses do. do. do.
Hatters morocco skins
Waldron's prime grass and corn Scythes by the dozen
Millington Crowley steel by the faggot
Swedish tub steel by the tub
A general assortment of Hardware and Queensware
First and second quality Madeira wine, Sherry, Teneriffe, Port, and French Brandy, by the cask, keg, or gallon
First quality coffee by the barrel
Do. do. packed with loaf sugar
Gunpowder, young hyson, and hyson skin teas by the chest or keg
Chocolate, No. 1 and 2, by the box
Best Spanish Segars by the box
Cinnamon, nutmegs and cloves, by the lb.
Allum, copperas, brimstone, pepper, alspice, by the keg
Ginger, madder, Spanish and Bengal indigo, glue, by the keg
Herrings and Shad by the barrel.

Pittsburgh, June 4, 1815. tf

Mechanics Retreat,

At the GREEN COTTAGE, facing Mr. Jelly's Factory, Turnpike Road,

IS OPENED,

WHERE an assortment of LIQUORS of the very best quality are kept. Turtle and other Soups every Wednesday and Sunday.—A share of public pattonage is solicited.

June 14, 1816.

MINERAL WATERS.

Soda and Seltzer Waters,

To be had at the corner of Wood and Second Streets.

The high estimation and general use of these Waters in all the populous cities of the union, are the best evidences of the salutary effects of this delightful and refreshing drink. The public are assured that the Waters will be prepared in the best manner.

Pittsburgh, June 6, 1816.

Ten Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber on the 10th inst. THOMAS PADEN, an Apprentice to the Windsor Chair-making business—he is about 18 years of age, 5 feet 2 or 3 inches high, small features, dark eyes, black hair—had on when he went away a dark bottle green coattee, yellow striped waistcoat, domestic cord pantaloons, coarse shoes, and a wool hat. The above reward and reasonable charges will be paid to any person apprehending and delivering said Apprentice to the subscriber, or confining him in any jail within fifty miles of this place.

JOSEPH ROSEMAN.

Pittsburgh, June 13, 1816.

Look Here for a Bargain!

FOR SALE, a Lease for 4 years from the 1st of next April, of a Lot of Ground on the corner of St. Clair and Penn Streets, and near Davis's Ferry, on which is erected a small commodious frame House with a good cellar.

As a stand for transacting business in the Grocery Line, it is perhaps equal to any in the City.

If not Sold by the 26th inst. it will then be exposed to Sale at Public Auction.

For particulars enquire of Joseph Harris, or the subscriber near the premises.

THOMAS NORRISH.

Pittsburgh, June 5, 1816.

Valuable Improved Lands FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for Sale the following Property, to wit:—*One Tract of Land*, situate in Fayette township, Allegheny county, adjoining Noblesburgh, containing 250 acres, on which is erected an excellent Farm House, Barn and Stabling, a Horse Mill, and a Stone Distillery, in complete operation, about 130 acres cleared and in high cultivation, an excellent bearing Orchard, and a large quantity of Meadow—it is well watered with springs, and adjoining a place of Public Worship.

Also, *A Small Farm*, containing from 50 to 80 acres, more or less, on which is erected a Cabin, about 15 acres cleared, and an excellent Coal Bank on it.

Also, *One House* and *Lot* in Noblesburgh, with 7 acres of Ground attached thereto.

For terms, apply to the subscriber on the premises.

WILLIAM HERDMAN.

June 6, 1816.

Allegheny Bridge.

THE necessary amount of stock for building a bridge over the Allegheny river, having been subscribed, and the company being incorporated by the governor, Architects and Bridge Builders are invited to examine the scite, and make proposals for the erection of the bridge.

WILLIAM ROBINSON, Jr.
WILLIAM HAYS,
JAMES O'HARA,
ROBERT CAMPBELL,
HUGH DAVIS,
THOMAS CROMWELL.

June 8, 1816.

FOR SALE.

A VALUABLE TRACT OF LAND, on the south side of and adjoining the Monongahela River, below Elizabeth, about 4 or 5 miles above Pittsburgh, containing 157 Acres, between 60 and 70 of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation. There are erected on the premises a Dwelling House, a good Barn, &c.

Persons wishing to view the property may call on Mr. Laughlin, on the premises, and for terms apply to,

JAMES M. HIBBERT.

Pittsburgh, June 16, 1816.

Valuable Property

FOR SALE

At Public Vendue.

THE subscriber will expose for Sale at Public Vendue, on Thursday the 25th day of July next, on the premises, that well known TAVERN, sign of Captain Lawrence, on the Turnpike Road, two miles from the City of Pittsburgh, formerly occupied by Mr. Alexander Hill, and now by John W. Hunter, Esq. to which is attached about 6 acres of land lying on both sides of the Turnpike Road.

At the same time will be Sold THIRTY-SIX LOTS of Ground of different sizes, from half an acre to six acres, fronting on the turnpike and the state road, leading to the town of Butler, and adjoining the village of Lawrenceville. Some of these Lots have comfortable dwelling houses. One two story frame house and four lots of ground adjoining it in Lawrenceville, now occupied by Thomas Owen and Samuel Byington, situate on the bank of the Allegheny river. One two story frame house and lot now occupied by William Pratt. Fifty-six in-lots in the town of Lawrenceville and 23 1 2 acres of land, about two miles from Pittsburgh, and one hundred perches from the turnpike road, adjoining land of James O'Hara, James Roup and Margaret Duncan; on which there is a good coal pit now in complete repair & it is confidently believed that the whole of it contains coal of excellent quality which can be easily obtained. Any person desirous of viewing the last described piece of ground will apply to James O'Neal who resides on it.

I will also sell at private sale a good young bay horse and lot at the corner of Sixth street and Cherry alley in the city of Pittsburgh. The lot is one hundred and ten feet front on Sixth street, and one hundred and twenty feet deep. Also, a two story frame house in Diamond alley, between Wood and Market streets, well calculated for two families, now occupied by Jacob Prink and Charles Weidle. The terms of payment for the whole of the above described property will be one sixth part in hand, and the residue in five equal annual payments, with interest.

A draft of the property in and near Lawrenceville, may be seen at the house of Joseph Means, Innkeeper, Pittsburgh; at the house of John W. Hunter, Esq. Two Mile Run; at the house of George Rowley, Esq. Lawrenceville, and at the house of the subscriber, near Lawrenceville.

I also wish to Sell for Cash, a yearly income from ground rents in Pittsburgh of 520 dollars, payment secured by good houses on the property. If the Houses and Lots in Pittsburgh are not sold at private sale, they will be offered at public vendue on Friday the 2d day of August next, at the Auction Store of Mr. Dennis S. Scully, in Pittsburgh, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

WILLIAM B. FOSTER.

Pittsburgh, June 12, 1816.

Allegheny Bridge.

WE, the subscribers, being the six first mentioned persons in the letters patent issued by the governour of this commonwealth, bearing date the 31st day of May 1816, incorporating the stock-holders for erecting a Bridge over the Allegheny river opposite Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, do hereby give notice to the subscribers to the stock of said Bridge, to meet at the house of Henry Abbott, in Pittsburgh, at 12 o'clock on Monday the 8th day of July next, to proceed to organize the said corporation, and chuse by a majority of votes, to be taken by ballot, to be delivered either in person or by proxy, One President, Ten Managers, One Treasurer, and One Clerk, to conduct the business of the corporation during one year, and until other officers be chosen.

WILLIAM ROBINSON, Jr.
WILLIAM HAYS,
JAMES O'HARA,
ROBERT CAMPBELL,
HUGH DAVIS,
THOMAS CROMWELL.

June 3, 1816.

CASH.

ONE DOLLAR CASH per Bushel, will be given for RYE and CORN, at the Pittsburgh Steam Mill. WHEAT is One Dollar 25 Cents, part credit.

GEORGE EVANS & CO.

Pittsburgh, June 11, 1816. tf

Vernon & Skidmore,

LOUISVILLE, (KEN.)

WILL receive Consignments, procure Freights for Boats for Pittsburgh or New-Orleans, make Purchases, Store and forward Goods, Wares, &c. &c. on moderate terms. For further particulars apply to ALLEN & GRANT, Pittsburgh

June 6, 1816. 3m

Allegheny County, ss.

(L. S.) IN the Court of Common Pleas for said County, in the Borough of Pittsburgh, on Saturday the 6th day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixteen. On the petition of Conrad Acre, a prisoner in the jail of said county, praying to be discharged according to the provisions of the acts for the relief of insolvent debtors. The court order that he be brought before them at Pittsburgh, on Monday the 24th day of June next—that his petition and his creditors may be then heard—and that his creditors in Allegheny county, have at least 15 days previous personal notice thereof, and that his creditors residing out of Allegheny county have 15 days previous notice, by publication in the newspapers of the counties in which they reside, to shew cause, if any they have, why he should not be discharged. By the court.

Attest, E. PENTLAND, Pro.

IN pursuance of the above rule of court, I hereby give notice to my creditors to attend, if they please, at the time & place therein mentioned, & shew cause if any they have, which I should not be discharged agreeably to the insolvent laws of this commonwealth in such case made and provided.

CONRAD ACRE.

Pittsburgh June 8, 1816.

THE GAZETTE.

SATURDAY, JUNE 22, 1816.

☞The young men of the city, entitled to vote at the ensuing election for city officers, are requested to meet at the house of John R. Jones, opposite the Theatre, this evening at 7 o'clock.

At an Election held on the 10th inst. for Officers for the Monongahela Bridge Company, the following persons were unanimously elected.

President—William Wilkins.

Managers—James Ross, Oliver Ormsby, David Pride, Christian Latshaw, George Anshutz, Thomas Baird, William M'Candless, Philip Gilland, James S. Stevenson, Benjamin Page, Jacob Beltzhoover, Frederick Wendt.

Treasurer—John Thaw.

Clerk—John Thaw.

The Treasurer of the city of Philadelphia, on the 1st inst. paid into the state treasury $ 23,333 33 for the purchase of the State-House and Lot, being the first instalment.

The General Assembly of Connecticut closed their spring session at Hartford on Friday the 31st ult. Among the acts passed during the session was one to authorize the several banks of that state to subscribe for stock in the bank of the United States, and another to incorporate the Connecticut Asylum for the education and instruction of deaf and dumb persons.

Melancholy Facts....In a report of the "Moral Society at Portland, (District of Maine) it is stated, that of 85 persons *subject to the* public charity of that town, 71 had become paupers by their intemperance. It also states, that the expences of the town in its public charities, during the last year, exceeded 600 dolls. and that more than two-thirds of that sum, was devoted to the support of individuals, who had been reduced to poverty by their vices. Thus, it is added, "7000 persons are taxed more than 4000 dolls. by the vices of their neighbors."

Were a similar investigation of facts to be set on foot in this city, what a melancholy detail of vice and of wretchedness, would be presented to the public view?

Marietta, June 7.

DREADFUL ACCIDENT!

We have a painful duty to perform in recording an unparalleled scene of human misery and anguish which occurred on board the steam boat Washington, Lately built at Wheeling, Va. and commanded by captain Shreve. She started from Wheeling on Monday last, and arrived at this place on Tuesday evening following, and safely came to anchor opposite Point Harmer, where she continued until Wednesday morning. The fires had been kindled and the boilers sufficiently hot preparatory to her departure, when the anchor was weighed and the helm put to larboard, in order to wear her and place her in a position to start her machinery, but having only one of her rudders shipped at the time, its influence was not sufficient to have the desired effect, and she shot over under the Virginia shore, where it was found expedient to throw over the kedge at her stern to effect it. This being accomplished, the crew were then required to haul it again on board, and were nearly all collected on the quarter for that purpose. At this unhappy, fatal moment, the end of the cylinder towards the stern exploded, and threw the whole contents of hot water among them and spread death and torture in every direction. The captain mate and several others were knocked overboard, but were saved, with the exception of one man who is still missing, by boats from the town and by swimming to the Virginia shore.

The whole town was alarmed by the explosion—every physician with a number of the citizens went immediately to their relief. On going on board, a melancholy and horrible scene presented itself to view—six or eight were nearly skinned from head to feet, and others slightly scalded, making, in the whole, seventeen. In stripping off their clothes the skin pealed off with them to a considerable depth;—added to this melancholy sight, the ear of the pitying spectator was pierced by the screams and groans of the agonizing sufferers, rendering the scene horrible, beyond description.

The cause of this melancholy catastrophe may be accounted for by the cylinder not having vent through the safety-valve, which was firmly stopped by the weight which hung on the lever having been unfortunately slipped to its extreme, without being noticed, and the length of time occupied in wearing before her machinery could be set in motion, whereby the force of the steam would have been expended—these two causes united, confined the steam till the strength of the cylinders could no longer contain it, and it gave way with the greatest violence.

The steam boat was warped across the river and safely moored in deep water at Point Harmer, where it is probable she will stay for several weeks, 'till her boilers can be repaired.

As her cylinders were all on deck, the boat has received no material injury from the explosion.

The following is a list of the sufferers:

Capt. Shrieve,	slightly.
Mr.——Clark (engineer)	do
Rev. Mr. Toler (passenger)	do
James Blair	do
Amos Bennet,	do
George White,	do
Nutley Drown,	badly.
Enoch H, M'Feely,	do
Israel Morehead,	do
†Joseph Walsh,	severely.
†Barney Harvey,	do
†Thomah Brown (painter)	do
†James Nutter (passenger of Nichelsonville, Ky.)	do
†Samuel Wait (carpenter)	do

Joseph ——, missing, supposed to have been knocked overboard and drowned—it is said he was from New-Hampshire.

†Jacob (a black man) severely.

†Since dead.

There are one or two of the others who are not expected to survive.

At a meeting of the citizens, convened on the occasion, a committee was appointed to provide for the sick, and to make arrangements for the burial of the dead. Six of the unfortunate sufferers having died on Wednesday night, were interred yesterday, attended by a very numerous coucourse of citizens.

Annapolis, June 8.

Yesterday at nine in the morning, his Excellency William Pinkney, Minister Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to the courts of Naples and St. Petersburgh, and family, embarked for Naples on board the United States ship Washington of 74 guns, captain Creighton. Salutes were fired from the Washington and the guns in the harbor. At eleven she weighed anchor and proceeded with a full press and a fine western gale down the bay. Mr. King goes out as secretary of legation, and commodore Chauncey as commander of the Mediterranean squadron. Our minister debarks at Naples, and after settling our affairs at that court proceeds by land to St. Petersburgh.

NEW YORK, June 7.

Rapid Doings, (as the man said when his sleigh got stuck in the snow) *rapid doings*. Beef, tallow, butter and potatoes have been brought from Ireland into the market of New York, and sold under market prices this spring and at a very handsome profit. One company is now forming in this city for the purpose of importing butter from Ireland; another for importing tallow, and a third for importing barley and hops. This, however, must be effected in British bottoms, exclusively, for since the convention, no American can enter into any competition with them.—*Evening Post.*

NEWS.

We have had but little news for our readers lately. The kings of Europe, employed time out of mind, in the work of de-population, appear to have begun at length to populate. Marrying, and giving in marriage, is now the order of the day, among the crowned heads.—"Love rules the court, the camp, the grove."

Bonaparte too—if we could only devise some plan to rescue him from that little rock in the sea—a balloon or a diving boat, to elude the vigilance of his majesty's cruizers!—aye, there's the rub! The Gleaner says: "Bonaparte with all our abuse to him, was worth 50l. a year in every printer's pocket:" and in good truth was he. O! he was a rare workman at foreign news.

But reader, will nothing save *wars* and *rumors of wars*, content ye—nothing but sieges, ambuscades, and "hair breadth" scapes? The "ear is pained, the soul is sick" of such intelligence.—Let us rather pray that we may hear no more of them, let us rather pray that the peace and tranquility of the world, may be co-extensive with its duration. Our papers, notwithstanding the want of such materials, may yet be interesting, if the reader should only think them so? The faithful Chronicle of all that passes in the busy world; the diffusion of useful knowledge among every class of citizens; (for none are too wise to be benefited by a newspaper,) ought certainly to be as important to us, as the marching and countermarching of armies, the details of battles and bloodshed, in far distant countries.

Petereburg Intel.

THE BARBARY POWERS.

In the French Chamber of Peers on the 9th of April, Viscount Chateaubriand, made the following proposition:—

"*Gentlemen*—I shall do myself the honour of submitting to you a project of an address to the king. It is for the purpose of asserting the rights of humanity, and effacing, I trust, the shame of Europe. The parliament of England, in abolishing the slave trade in blacks, appears to have suggested for our emulation a more splendid triumph. Let us abolish the stavery of the whites.—This sort of slavery has too long existed upon the coasts of Barbary; for, by the peculiar design of Providence, which places the examples of punishment where the fault has been committed, Europe paid to Africa the sorrows which she brought upon her, and rendered to her slaves for slaves. I have seen, gentlemen, the ruins of Carthage, I have met among these ruins the successors of the unhappy Christians, for the deliverance of whom Saint Louis lost his life. The number of these victims increases daily. Before the revolution, the corsairs of Tripoli, of Tunis, of Algiers and of Morocco, were restrained by the vigilance of the knights of Malta. Our vessels had the dominion of the Mediterranean, and the flag of Phillippa Augusta made the infidels still tremble. Taking advantage of our discords, they have dared to insult our shores. They have carried off the population of a whole island. Men, women, and children, old men, have been all plunged in the most frightful slavery. Is it not for Frenchmen, born to glory and generous enterprize, to accomplish at last the work begun by their ancestors? It was in France the first Crusade was preached. It was in France that we must raise the standard of the latter, without departing from the character of the times, or employing means foreign from our manners. I know that we have little to fear for ourselves from the powers of the coast of Africa; but the safer we are, the more nobly we shall act in opposing their injustice. Small commercial interests cannot balance, the great interest of humanity. It is the time for civilized nations to free themselves from the shameful tributes which they pay to a handful of barbarians.

"Gentlemen, should you adopt any proposition, and it be afterwards lost by foreign circumstances, your voice will, at all events, have been heard. You will have the honour of having advocated so good a cause. Such is the advantage of those representative governments, by which the whole truth may be said; every thing useful proposed. They change the virtues without weakening them; they conduct them to the same end, while they give them a different direction. Thus we are knights no more, but we can be illustrious citizens; thus philosophy may share the glory attached to the success of my proposition, and boast to have obtained, in an enlightened age, what religion attempted in vain in an age of darkness.

"Please then, gentlemen, to hear my proposition.

"I move that there be presented an address to the king by the chamber of peers. In this address his majesty shall be humbly requested to order his minister for foreign affairs to write to all the courts of Europe," &c.

The following singular case is copied from a London paper of the 6th of April last.

A gardiner's wife at Vienna was at the age of 24 years, seized by a violent headache, which continued for several years, and drove her almost to despair. She was at last advised to take snuff, as a remedy, in order to promote a discharge of mucus. Happening to have some assafœtida in the house, she mixed it with the snuff on the supposition that it might increase the effect. The consequence was, that a worm was discharged from the nostril similar in appearance to the common grub. This circumstance induced her to continue to use the mixture of assafœtida and snuff. Eight more worms were dischasged. In short by the use of the remedy, 48 worms in all were discharged, and the headache was completely removed. Dr. Frank, who relates the case, suppose that the worms had been lodged in the frontal sinus.

Near the commcement of the 16th century, John de Nova, was sent by Emanuel, king of Portugal, to the East Indies. On his return he discovered the Island of St. Helena. One of his men had embraced Mahomedanism in the East, and to do penance for his crime, he desired to be left alone on the Island. He was left, and remained there alone four years. He planted fruit trees and cultivated vegitables: and rendered the island useful as a place of watering and of rendezvous. Bonaparte might amuse himself by writing a Robinson Crusoe novel founded on the fact. *Va. Pat.*

The project of sir Sidney Smith for the repression of the Barbary pirates, and the rescuing christians from slavery, appears to attract considerable attention at Paris. A meeting of Chevaliers, and other zealous promoters of this laudable undertaking, was lately held in Paris, of which sir Sidney was president, and at which were present, Viscount De Chateaubriand, Peer of France, Viscount Blin De Bourdon, member of the chamber of deputies, Viscount Mathieu De Montmorency, who claims descent from the first Christian Baron, together with several other eminent persons.

WATERLOO BRAVERY.

Among the recent Gazette appointments, is that of sergeant Ewart to an ensigncy in the 3d royal veteran battalion, for his gallant conduct at the battle of Waterloo. In the afternoon of that eventful day, the 92d regiment reduced to 200, charged a column of the enemy, from 2000 to 3000 strong; they broke into the centre of the column, and the moment they pierced it, the Scotch Greys dashed into their support, when both these gallant corps cheered and huzzaed, 'Scotland forever!' The enemy to a man were put to the sword, or made prisoners. The Greys afterwards charged the second line, which amounted to nearly 5000 men. It was in the first that Sergeant Ewart captured a French eagle; the affair is thus modestly detailed by himself: "I had a hard contest for it; the officer who carried it, thrust for my groin; I parried it off, and cut him through the head; after which I was attacked by one of the lancers, who threw his lance at me; but missed the mark by my throwing it off with my sword by my rigt side; then I cut him from the chin upwards, which went through his teeth. Next I was attacked by a foot soldier, who, after firing charged me with the bayoner, but I parried it off, and afterwards cut him through the head, so that finished the contest for the eagle."

From the Boston Palladium, June 4.

LATEST FROM ENGLAND.

We have been favoured by Mr. Jack, of the Exchange Coffee-House, with Bristol papers to the 22d of April, and London to the evening of the 20th, received by the Bristol Trader.

The proposals of Sir Sidney Smith for a crusade against the Barbary states, are represented to have made considerable impression upon the Dey of Algiers, strengthened by the mission of an envoy from the Grand Signior, whose nominal sovereignty is still acknowledged by these pirates, it has induced the Dey to liberate 153 Greek and 5 Austrian captives.

At St. Petersburgh they are now printing the New Testament in the Amenian, Persian, and Kalmuc languages.

LONDON, April 16.—Some German papers contain an account of a disturbance having broken out in the eastern part of France, in which several of the Austrian troops were wounded. The disbanded French soldiers, aided by the peasantry, had risen in the neighbourhood of Befort and the Vosges, and the Austrians were under the necessity of putting them down by force. In consequence of this disturbance the Austrian force in Alsace is to be increased.

A British force is said to have gone against Algiers, to demand the liberation of all Christian slaves, or to commence hostilities against it.

The squadron consists of six sail of the line, two frigates, three sloops of war, and three bomb vessels under Lord Exmouth; (Pellew.)

"Jamais arriere."
Jucundi acti labores.

New Palace of Aroma.

FOR reasons of State our eminently odoriferous Highness Tibbette the First, Prince of Shavers and Emperor of the Western Hemisphere, has caused the removal of our domicil and boutique to the New Palace in Second Street, between Market and Wood Streets. Thus by an act of magnanimous condescension, We have been pleased to irradiate with the bright beams of our sublime residence a vicinity hitherto contaminated with the conglomerated mass of Ethiopian pollutions; and by the potency of our exalted caduceus We have determined to make the centre of our good City of Pittsburgh, the Court end of our Metropolis

Our liege subjects will henceforth pay their obeisance at our august levee, where we will deign to accept the personal manifestations of their homage at all times, from the earliest glimmerings of Aurora until the close of the crepuscule.

The profound tranquillity which at present pervades our extensive realms, inspires us with the beatific anticipation of permanent felicity—a felicity not to be interrupted by the tempestuous ravings of war exciting politicks, nor broken by the loud clamours of party raging animosity. Our constant aim shall be to repose in the bosom of national quiet on the refreshing laurels of our established renown, and with pacific temper in the exercise of our Imperial functions, to display to our wondering *subjects* the evidences of our professional adroitness.

Delightful job! to shave the tender chin,
To twist the elastic ringlet round the brow,
To give the rich carnation to the lip,
To check the growing pimple, and to fix
The self-complacent smile on every face!
"Such and so various"

are our princely avocations.

Let no man presume to oppose the torrent of our fulminations, by calumniating the dignity of our standing, by breathing a whisper of disparagement against the exaltedness of our vocation, or by thinking one surmise to thwart the gentle undulations of our own importance.

Should any man within our dominions traitorously hazard the ebullition of a suspicion at our expence, let the caitiff beware of our displeasure, which could not fail to frown him into passivity, or to pulverize the rascal in the mortar of insignificance.

The dominion of our Imperial government runs parallel with the circumvallating lines of civil polity and of fashionable refinement.—The antedeluvians were swept by a deluge from the mountains of existence because of their ignorance and savage simplicity, keeping pace with the length of their beards, left them a prey to the degrading consequences of anti-social abominablenesses. The facts recorded on the page of history verify our imperial dogmas. For until the RAZOR was invented the shades of Judaism and Paganism be-gloomed the horison of the civilized world, and at this day Jews, Turks and Infidels alone elude the glittering edge of this astonishing weapon of polite reformation.

The Emperor's shop, (such as we see it now,)
Must stand acknowledg'd, whilst our City stands,
The most convenient and effectual guard,
Support and ornament of cleanliness.
There stands the Barber's pole! there Tibbette stands
The Prince of Shavers, whose ambition is
To gain the praise of every man he shaves.
By him the lanthern jaws of many a rake
Are handled; and by him with lady like
And gentle touch the Razor nimbly glides.
The stiff and bristly beard he labours off;
More suddenly and at one sweep, the down
Of boys strips off as he would peel an orange;
And armed himself in panoply complete
With every badge belonging to his trade
He stands before, or gracefully alert
Steps round your chair and powders you and combs
With all the brisk dexterity of art.
Are all such Barbers?—Would to Heav'n all were.

TIBBETTE.

JUST PUBLISHED, BY
S. ENGLES, Liberty Street,
(Price 25 Cents.)
AN ACT
Incorporating the City of Pittsburgh.
Passed March 18, 1816.
June 22, 1816.

MASONIC.

THE Members of Lodges No. 45 and 113, A. Y. M. will convene at the Masonic Hall, in Wood Street, on Monday next the 24th inst. at 10 o'clock, A. M. in commemoration of the Anniversary of the Nativity of St. John the Baptist. Neighbouring and sojourning Brethren are invited to attend.

An Oration will be delivered by a Brother, at 12 o'clock, in the First Presbyterian Church, to hear which the Ladies and Gentlemen of Pittsburgh are respectfully invited.

By order, &c.
WILLIAM H. WETHERILL,
Secretary No. 45.
JAMES M. RIDDLE,
Secretary, No. 113.
Pittsburgh, June 18, 1816.

Last Notice.

SAMUEL THOMPSON, Taylor, gives this LAST NOTICE to all those who have accounts in his Books, from one year to four, who do not come forward within ten days from this date, to settle and discharge the same, will find their accounts in the hands of an Attorney for collection, without respect to persons, as he finds all other means to get his Books settled entirely unavailing.

Pittsburgh, June 22, 1816.

CITY ELECTION.

THE freemen of the city of Pittsburgh, citizens of Pennsylvania or of the United States, who have resided within the bounds of the said city at least one year immediately preceding the time of election, and within that time paid a borough or city tax, are notified to meet at the Court house in said city, on the first Tuesday in July next, and elect by ballot fifteen persons qualified to serve as members of the house of representatives of this commonwealth, to be members of the COMMON COUNCIL of the said city—and nine persons qualified to serve as senators of this commonwealth, to be members of the SELECT COUNCIL of the said city.

CHARLES WILKINS, Jr. BURGESS.
June 18, 1816.

To Manufacturers.

A PERSON who, having been a Manufacturer of Cotton, is perfectly well acquainted with the spinning of it by principles, to any degree of fineness that may be required, offers to take charge of a Cotton Factory, already in operation, or to superintend the building of a new one; the making of Machinery upon the plans the most approved in Europe, and to set the same in operation: likewise to superintend the Weaving department, as well as the bleaching of the Cloth, in a most elegant manner, by chemical process. Unquestionable references shall be produced.

A note, stating the name of the place, the firm of the company, the number of spindles already in operation, or intended to be set in operation; the quantity of looms, and the proposed compensation for a stipulated time, shall be attended to, if directed to A. Z. and left at the Gazette Office.

Pittsburgh, June 22, 1816.

Turnpike Notice.

(Greensburgh and Pittsburgh Company)

ON the 6th of July next, the 60 days will expire, within which the 8th Instalment is payable. On the 8th or 9th of the same month, the Treasurer will attend in Pittsburgh, to call on the Stockholders for the payment of said Instalment, and to institute suits against those, who at that time, have not paid the seventh instalment. To save the Company, likewise the Contractors from great loss, those steps have become unavoidable.

WILLIAM FRIEDT, Treas'r.
June 22, 1816.

Mr. Luckey will receive Instalments, and pass receipts therefor, as usual.

JAMES HANSON,
Saddler,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general, that he has commenced the *SADDLING BUSINESS* in Fourth Streets, a few doors west of Market Street, in the City of Pittsburgh, where he intends carrying on said business in all its various branches, and he flatters himself, that by his strict attention to business that he will merit a share of public patronage.

June 20, 1816.

Doct. N. SMITH,
SURGEON DENTIST.

RESPECTFULLY gives notice to the ladies and gentlemen of Pittsburgh, and its vicinity, that it is his determination to remain in this place—and he will gratefully receive, and punctually attend to all commands in each branch of his profession. He likewise feels under the greatest obligations to the citizens of Pittsburgh, for the liberal patronage which he has already received.—He deems it superfluous, even to mention the utility of artificial teeth, as he has inserted a considerable number, since his residence in this place.—Those that entertain doubts respecting the operation, are solicited to witness specimens of his performance. He still continues to insert artificial teeth—to mend, clean and extract natural ones.—The teeth which he inserts, are warranted.—If more convenient, he will attend ladies and gentlemen at their respective places of abode.

☞ Applicattons to be made at Dr. Morrel Parker's druggist store, east side of Wood, between Diamond alley and Fifth-street.

NEW BOOKS

MORIER'S Journey through Persia, Armenia, and Asia Minor to Constantinople, 1 vol. 8vo. with 4 plates and a map.

Mawe's Travels in Brazil, 1 vol. 8vo. plates and Maps.

NEW NOVELS.
- Rhoda, 2 vols.
- The Heart and the Fancy, by Miss Benger, 1 vol.
- Paired not Matched, or Matrimony in the 19th Century.
- Varieties of Life, or Conduct and Consequences, 2 vols.
- Patience and Perseverance, 2 vols.
- Discipline, 2 vols.

Paul's Letters to his Kinsfolk, by Walter Scott.
Siege of Corinth, by Lord Byron.

AT R. PATTERSON'S
Bookstore, Fourth Street.
Pittsburgh, June 8, 1816.

John & Robert Griffith,

FROM THE STAFFORDSHIRE POTTERIES ENGLAND.

(LAST FROM NEW-JERSEY.)

Having commenced the Manufacturing

OF

EARTHEN WARE.

AT this place, take the liberty of informing their friends and the public, that they can be supplied with the following articles, warranted to be equal to any of the kind imported

Black and Brown glazed Coffee

POTS,

Teapots, Jugs, Sugar Dishes, Milkpots, &c.

ALL ORDERS in their line, addressed to any of the principal COMMISSION MERCHANTS in the place will be thankfully received and promptly executed.

BIRMINGHAM, near Pittsburgh, July 6, 1815.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

THE property lately occupied by the subscriber as a factory—together with two dwelling-houses at the corner of Liberty Street and Diamond Alley. It will be sold or rented together or separately, on reasonable terms.

ALSO FOR SALE,

300 acres of Land, on the head waters of Pine Creek, about 13 miles from Pittsburgh. Title indisputable.

GEORGE COCHRAN of R'd.

March 8, 1816.

Just received by the Subscriber, at his Store in Market Street, between Second and Third Streets, a general assortment of

Dry Goods, Groceries, and Hardware,

which will be disposed of, wholesale and retail, on the most reasonable terms.

Also, for Sale, a few barrels *Tanners Oil*, and 20 boxes *Spanish Segars*.

ABISHAI WAY.

Pittsburgh August 7, 1815.

W. CLOSEY,

BOOT AND SHOEMAKER.

RESPECTFULLY informs the public, that he has commenced said business, in the establishment of Mr. JAMES RIDDLE, who has declined in his favor.—Having been foreman to him for three years, and held a similar situation in some of the principal shops of Europe and America.—He assures the public, that he will keep the best materials, and pay the strictest attention to all commands.—He hopes from his knowledge and experience in the business, to give general satisfaction, and thereby merit a share of public patronage.

Warranted water-proof boots, made to order.
Back-strap and cossack military croff top, do.
Back-strap, patent, French and plain top, do.
Fashionable cossack, do.
Gentlemens' bootees, of all descriptions, do.
Dress and walking shoes, do.
Morocco and common leather dress pomps, do.
Gentlemens' morocco and common leather morning slippers, do.
Over-shoes of all descriptions, do.

Ladies' common leather, morocco and nankeen bootees, made on the newest and most approved London plans, at his WHOLESALE and RETAIL, BOOT and SHOE ware-house, Market, between Front and Water-streets, Pittsburgh.

March 23, 1816. 3mts.

Land for Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for Sale that Valuable FARM situate in New-Swickly Township, Beaver County, Pennsylania, containing 414 Acres, bounded on the Ohio River, and by Lands of Captain Sholee and others—there is about 120 or 130 acres of Land cleared on said Farm. There is between 60 and 70 acres of first rate bottom, all in a good state of cultivation, on the said Ohio River, and the remainder wood land. There is also on the premises, two Log Dwelling Houses, with shingled roofs, and two Cabbins, 8 or 10 acres of meadow, with about 40 or 50 young Apple Trees, and a number of Peach Trees. Several streams of excellent water run through the premises, headed by never failing springs, with a number of small springs; also, a Log Barn with a shingled roof The title indisputable. For terms apply to

AARON MORTON.

April 30, 1816.

FLAX WANED.

WANTED by the subscribers, thirty or forty TONS OF GOOD SCUTCHED OR SWINGLED FLAX, for which the highest price will be given in Cash, at the *Western Flax Spinning and Linen Manufactory*, on the Turnpike Road leading from Pittsburgh to Greensburgh, one quarter of a mile from the Mansion House of John Woods, Esq.; at *Matthew Stewart's* Nail Manufactory, north end of Market Street, and at *John Reed's*, four mile Ferry, on the Allegheny.

STEWART & REED.

July 4, 1815.

WILLIAMS'S

Wholesale and Retail

STORE,

MARKET BETWEEN THIRD & FOURTH STREETS.

The following GROCERIES, just received, and offered wholesale and retail, on accommodating terms, viz:—

Best green Coffee	Pepper
Common do.	Allum
Young Hyson Tea	Copperas
Nutmg	Madder
Cloves	Indigo, Bengal & Spanish
Cinnamon	Rosin Soap
Alspice	

ELIAS WILLIAMS.

Pittsburgh, February 16, 1816.

JENNINGS

Patent Steam Bath.

ANY person desirous to be informed upon this highly interesting subject, may see a copy of a number of letters and certificates from Citizens and Physicians of the first distinction, setting forth the great value of this simple, delightful and highly useful medical agent. No man, having charge of a family, ought to be without one constantly in his house.

FOR SALE, BY

J. P. & J. W. SKELTON, *Druggists, Wood Street,*

WHO HAVE JUST RECEIVED, A VERY EXTENSIVE SUPPLY OF

Fresh Drugs, Medicines, Paints, &c.

Pittsburgh, February 9, 1816. tf

TO BE LET,

An eligible Stand for Business,

on Market Street, opposite Kerr's Hotel—Also, one other, situate in the Diamond.

Apply to,

WILLIAM HILL, S. E. Corner Market and Fourth Streets.

Pittsburgh, May 6, 1816.

COLUMBIAN

STEAM ENGINES.

THE PITTSBURGH STEAM ENGINE CO. INFORM the publick that their establishment is in complete operation, on an extensive scale, and consists of a

Steam Engine Factory;

AN

AIR FOUNDERY;

AN

ANCHOR AND ANVIL FACTORY;

A

BRASS FOUNDERY;

A

PATTERN MAKER'S SHOP & MACHINES for Boring and Turning in Iron and Wood;

AND A

Screw Manufactory

which furnishes all kinds of large Screws, such as for Rolling and Slitting Mills, Paper Mills, Fuller's & Tobacco, Millstone Screws, &c. &c

Orders in any of the above lines of business will be executed at very short notice.

Pittsburgh, April 16, 1816.

JOHN BAIRD,

MERCHANT TAYLOR,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he has removed from his stand in Market Street to the Brick House in the Diamond, next door to Mr. Robert Getty's, From his long experience and the strict attention which he is determined to pay to business, he flatters himself he will receive his usual share of public patronage, and from the neat and fashionable manner in which all work will be finished, that he will give entire satisfaction to his customers.

Pittsburgh, April 12, 1816.

FOUR OR FIVE JOURNEYMEN,

Who are good workmen, will receive constant employment and generous wages. Apply as above.

Seventy-five Cents Cash,

WILL BE GIVEN FOR GOOD

Merchantable FLAXSEED,

By applying to

GILLAND & CO.

Corner of Market and Fourth Streets, Pittsburgh.

DOCTOR CHISHOLM'S

Anti-Bilious Pills,

Of a quality superior to any thing of the kind ever offered as a GENERAL MEDICINE, in this Country.

NOW prepared from a recipe of the celebrated *Dr. Chisholm*, who, from a long residence in the West-India Islands, has been enabled to favor the world with the most complete history, and most approved methods of curing all the BILIOUS DISEASES of those warm climates.

This extraordinary Medicine, which now for the first time is finding its way into general practice, has properties in the highest degree superior to the mercurial nostrums so frequently recommended by the name of *Anti-Bilious Pills*. The extraordinary powers of this medicine as a solvent and evacuent of Bile, is without example; never producing debility or injuring the health, in the smallest degree, of the most delicate child or weakly female:

The BILIOUS HEAD-ACHE, so much complained of in this country, and in the neighbourhood of rivers, is often removed by a single dose, which, to a strong man, is only five pills, and to a weakly woman, three. The same dose will generally remove the most excruciating pains of the cholic, like a charm, by abusing the bile to pass downwards in the course of an hour or two.

Two or three Pills taken an hour before dinner, and repeated every third day, will effectually remove those diseases arising from flatulency and indigestion, and by persevering in the use of them for a considerable time, the appetite will be improved, and strength and vigor will return.

Two Pills taken at bed time, with a cup of penny-royal tea, and repeated every second night, will effectually remove *Rheumatic pains* wherever seated.

A single Pill, taken every fourth hour with a cup of flaxseed tea, will cure *Pleurisy*, promote expectoration, and relieve coughs and colds.

In CONSUMPTIVE CASES and DISEASES OF THE LIVER, no medicine ever yet discovered, has been known to perform such cures. Two Pills taken every third morning, will be found sufficient, unless costiveness prevails; in which case the dose may be increased according to the strength or constituton.

The *Dysentery*, *Croup*, and *Summer Complaint* on children, are soon relieved by a few doses. A single Pill to a child of 6 years old, and the dose increased according to their strength and age.

In *Asthmatic* or *Phthisical* cases, where the laborious breathing and great oppression, with faintings, are fast sinking the patient to the brink of the grave, a few Pills, taking one every hour, with fennel or pepper-mint tea, will often enable the patient to walk about in a few hours.

The above valuable Medicine is Sold ONLY *in Pittsburgh, by*

J. P. & J. W. SKELTON,

at their Wholesale and Retail Apothecary and Drug Store.

WILLIAM MASSON,

SAIL MAKER, PITTSBURGH.

BEGS leave to inform the public, that he has received from Philadelphia, a quantity of RUSSIA SAIL DUCK; also, a quantity of BLOCKS of various sizes, and that he is ready to receive orders from any place to make SAILS for Boats, or Vessels of any size. Likewise, SACKEN BOTTOMS, either of Country Cloth or Russia Duck.

From an experience of 20 years following the Sea, he flatters himself he will be able to give satisfaction to those who may want any thing in his line.

Pittsburgh, February 13, 1815.

N. B. Blocks and Rigging will be completely fitted, and Boats rigged in any manner that may be required. He will also draw drafts of Vessels, by which Rigging can be made to the exact quantity.

Just received and for sale—by

ORMSBY and DOANE,

LIVERPOOL ware in crates,
Coffee, first and second quality, } by the bar'l.
Loaf and lump sugar, }
Brandy, rum & Jamaica spirits, }
Madeira, Sherry, Port, Lisbon, Teneriffe and Malaga, wines.
Young hyson and imperial teas.
Pepper, alspice, mustard, ginger, } in kegs.
allum, copperas, brimstone, madder, indigo and whiting, }
Prunes, filberts, ground-nuts, cocoa-nuts, oranges and lemons.
Cinnamon, cloves and nutmegs, by the lb.
Chocolate and Spanish segars, by the box.
Bloom and Muscatel raisins, in boxes.
Raisins and figs, in kegs and frails.
Scotch herrings, in boxes.
Mackarel and herrings, in barrels.
Windsor, English and Boston soap, in boxes.
American white and rosin, do.
Mens, womens and children's shoes.
Bright and black rice.
Anvils with single and double horns.
Waldrons' best corn and grass scythes.
Tacks, sprigs, trunk locks and handles, in boxes.
Spades and shovels, American and English.
Frying-pans, German and patent straw-knives.
English blister and cast steel.
English and American crowly steel.

A small invoice of looking-glasses assorted: together with their stock on hand, consisting of castings, bar-iron, nails, salt, shot, glass, and a variety of Pittsburgh manufactured articles, which they offer in large or small lots, to suit purchasers, on moderate terms.

Pittsburgh, March 23, 1816 tf

Valuable Property for Rent.

The Subscriber offers for RENT *on*

PERPETUAL LEASE,

the following Valuable Property:—

ONE LOT of GROUND, on the corner of Water and Ferry Streets, 35 feet in front on Water Street, and 98 feet deep on Ferry Street.

TWO LOTS, adjoining the above, bounded on one side by Water Street, and the other by Front Street. These Lots are each 35 feet in front, and in depth 160 feet.

Also, ONE LOT, in Market Street, between Front and Second Streets, 23 feet front, and 70 feet in depth—with all the improvements.

The property will be shewn, and the terms, for the whole or any part, made known on application to the subscriber.

WILLIAM HAMILTON.

Pittsburgh, April 27, 1816.

Real Estate for sale.

THE whole of the HOUSE and LOT now occupied by Mr. William Morrow, Sign of the Green Tree, on the corner of Fourth and Wood Streets, Pittsburgh. The House is large, and is well calculated for both Store and Tavern, or any kind of Public business. The Lot is 120 feet on Wood Street, and 60 feet on Fourth Street.

ALSO,

A small HOUSE and LOT on Ferry Street, etween Front and Second Streets, occupied by Mrs. Dobbins, subject to a ground rent of $40 per annum. For terms apply to JOHN JOHNSTON, Esq. Postmaster, Pittsburgh, or to the subscriber in Allegheny Town, opposite Pittsburgh.

HUGH DAVIS.

October 14, 1815. tf

TO FARMERS.

THE following valuable TRACTS of LAND, situate on Conequenessing and Brush creeks, in North Sewickly township, Beaver county, Penn. are offered for Sale.

No. 190, containing 200 acres On this Tract there are about 30 acres cleared, and the greatest part is rich bottom—on the premises are a good framed dwelling house, one story high, with a good garret in which is one large room and a sleeping room—a framed kitchen adjoining of a good size, with a cellar underneath, and a spring house before the door, the water of an excellent quality—the tenont is under obligation to build a barn—A house of worship about 80 rods distant.

No. 178, containing 132 acres or thereabouts. in this Tract about 20 acres are cleared, from which no crop has as yet been raised, the greater part bottom—the land of an excellent quality—to this tract is attached the one-third right in a saw-mill and a small quantity of land adjoining.

No. 173, containing 200 acres, is almost entirely bottom land on Brush creek—about 16 acres cleared—this tract is exceedingly rich and fertile, fit for meadow or corn ground.

No. 184. The undivided fourth part of 200 acres, near the iron works of Doctor Basse—the soil good.

Also—Several Lots in the Town of Stone'sville.

The three first Tracts are situate 9 miles from the Town of Beaver, from one-fourth to one mile from the great road from Beaver to Mercer, and about five miles from Harmony—there are four grist mills distant from one and an half to five miles.

Farmers wishing to purchase *good lands* are invited to view the premises, and for further information to call on the subscriber. The title is indisputable, and the terms easy, and to accommodate farmers either Tract will be sold separate, or the whole together. tf.

JAMES M. RIDDLE, *Land Broker.*

Pittsburgh, August 30, 1815.

Jeremiah Neave & Son,

OF CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Have erected a large and commodious

Brick Warehouse and Cellars,

FOR the receiving of all kinds of MERCHANDIZE, MANUFACTURES and PRODUCE for Storage and Sale on COMMISSION, for forwarding by the River, or to Country Merchants.

BILLS and DEBTS collected and punctually remitted. PURCHASES made, and generally all BROKERAGE and Commission Business transacted.

Cincinnati, February 1816. tf

NOTICE.

THE partnership of TREVOR & ENCELL, in carrying on the FLINT GLASS WORKS on the bank of the Monongahela River opposite to Pittsburgh, is dissolved as far as respects all future contracts to the business of said Works. Contracts heretofore made will be fulfilled and executed by the old firm.

All persons having demands against us, will present them for settlement, and those who are indebted to us will please make immediate payment to J. B. Trevor, who is authorised to settle all accounts.

JOHN B. TREVOR,
JOHN ENCELL.

May 1, 1816. 3t

Messrs. Bosler & Co.

Have just received from LEE'S PATENT *and* FAMILY MEDICINE STORE, *New-York,*

A FRESH SUPPLY OF THE FOLLOWING

GENUINE MEDICINES.

Dr HAMILTON'S

Grand Restorative.

Prepared (only) by H. LEE, No. 56, Maiden Lane, New-York.

The proprietor of HAMILTON'S RESTORATIVE DROPS confidently recommends it as an invaluable medicine, for the speedy relief and cure of permanent

Nervous Disorders	Violent Cramps in the stomach and back
Consumptions	Indigestion
Lowness of Spirits	Melancholy
Loss of Appetite	Gout in the stomach
Impurity of Blood	Pains in the Limbs
Hysterical Affections	Relaxations, &c
Inward Weaknesses	

This Medicine is perfectly different in its qualities and operation from those hot and irritating drugs so frequently proposed for similar purposes, which only recommend themselves by the dangerous rapidity of their effects—and which, acting as a temporary, but violent stimulus on the nervous system, infallibly produces greater evils than those which they are intended to remove.

The principal operation of this medicine is in the stomach, restoring the digestive power, and sending from that organ new health and vigor into every part of the system; it enriches and purifies the blood without stimulating, too violently, the nervous system; strengthens the secretory vessels and general habits, brings back the muscular fibres to their natural and healthy tone, and restores that nutrition which immoderate evacuations have destroyed, and whose loss had thrown the whole frame into languor and debility.

The restorative is absolutely above all commendation in removing those weaknesses and infirmities with which many females are afflicted, the consequences of difficult and painful labours, or of injudicious treatment therein.

In cases of extremity, where the long prevalence and obstinacy of disease have brought on a general impoverishment of the system, excessive debility of the whole frame, and a wasting of the flesh, which no nourishment or cordial could repair.

The Grand Restorative is prepared in Pills, as well as in fluid form, which assists considerably in producing a gradual and lasting effect

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HAMILTON'S

Worm Destroying Lozenges.

Which have cured an immense number of persons of both sexes, of every age, and in every situation, of various dangerous complaints arising from worms, and from obstructions of foulness in the stomach and bowels.

Hahn's Anti-Bilious Pills,

Celebrated for the mildness of their operation, &c. for being the best known remedy for cleansing the stomach and bowels.

HAMILTON'S

ESSENCE & EXTRACT OF MUSTARD,

A safe and effectual remedy for Rheumatisms, Gout, Palsy, Sprains and Bruises, White Swellings, old Strains and Relaxations, Numbness and Weaknesses of the Neck, Pains of the Side, Headache, Swelled Faces, Frozen Limbs, and every similar complaint. It prevents Chilblains or Chopped Hands, and the ill effects of getting wet or damp in the feet.

THE GENUINE PERSIAN LOTION,

So celebrated among the fashionable thro'out Europe, in preventing and removing blemishes of the face and skin, freckles, pimples, inflammatory redness, scurfs, tetters, ringworms, sunburns, prickly heat, &c.

THE RESTORATIVE POWDER,

For the Teeth and Gums.

This excellent preparation comforts and strengthens the gums, preserves the enamel from decay, and cleanses and whitens the teeth, by absorbing all the acrimonious slime and foulness, which, suffered to accumulate, never fails to injure and finally ruin them.

HAMILTON'S ELIXIR.

Celebrated for the cure of colds, obstinate coughs, asthmas, and approaching consumptions, and a certain remedy for the whooping cough.

HAHN'S GENUINE EYE WATER.

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the eyes, whether the effect of natural weakness or accident.

TOOTH ACHE DROPS.

The only remedy yet discovered which gives immediate and lasting relief in the most severe instances.

ITCH CURED.

LEE'S OINTMENT FOR THE ITCH.

Warranted an infallible remedy at one application, may be used with perfect safety on infants a week old, not containing a particle of mercury or any dangerous ingredient whatever and not accompanied with that tormenting smart which attends the application of other remedies.

LEE'S

INFALLIBLE

AGUE & FEVER DROPS.

For the cure of Agues, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers.

HAHN'S

True & Genuine German Corn Plaister.

NOTE. The above GENUINE MEDICINES are prepared (only) by H. LEE, (widow of *Richard Lee*, deceased) No. 56, Maiden Lane, N. York, and

SOLD, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL BY

BOSLER & CO.

Front Street, between Market and Wood Streets, Pittsburgh.

☞ *Druggists and Country Storekeepers, will be treated with on liberal terms.*

CURE FOR COUGHS, COLDS, &c.

Hamilton's Elixir,

A SOVEREIGN REMEDY for Colds, obstinate Coughs, Asthmas, Sore Throats, and approaching Consumptions, and most disorders of the breast and lungs.

A SINGLE TRIAL

Will prove, that it restores the determination of the fluid to the surface of the body, and brings on the common healthful perspiration; that it dislodges and evacuates the tough viscid phlegm or mucus, strengthens the weakened vessels of the lungs, sheathes the acrimonious humor which irritates them, and finally discharges it. Thus striking at the root of the disorder, the symptoms are of course effectually and permanently conquered: the reverse of common medicines, which weaken the constitution and give strength to the disorder, for the sake of moderating for the present some of its painful effects.

To parents who have children afflicted with the HOOPING COUGH, this discovery is of the first magnitude, as it affords immediate relief, checks the progress, and in a short time entirely removes the most cruel disorders to which children are liable. The Elixir is so perfectly agreeable, and the dose so small, that no difficulty arises in taking it.

TO H. LEE.

Being desirous to make public, for the good of others, the excellent quality of HAMILTON'S ELIXIR, prepared by the late Mr. Lee, I have sent you the following account of the benefit I have received from it, which I hope will induce others to give it a trial. In consequence of a bruise on the breast received from a fall, my health grew bad, my breathing became very difficult, and frequently I have had to rise up in my bed, with all the horrors of immediate suffocaton. Add to these a constant pain in my breast, and a cough, a great loss of strength and flesh, and you may conceive that my symptoms evidently indicated an approaching consumption. The advise of a most eminent physician was resorted to, and afterwards a second was called in, but without giving me any relief. Another physician who knew me and the circumstances of my case, *advised me to give Hamilton's Elixir a trial*, saying, *he had used it in his practice, and always found it to do much good.* A bottle was procured from Mr. Birch's, and *I found relief before I had taken half of it.* I continued to use it, and was soon strong enough to attend to business. On taking cold some of my former symptoms return, but are always removed by a dose or two of the Elixir.

GEORGE BENNEL, Jr.
No. 11, Budd Street, Philadelphia.

The public are respectfully informed, that the above MEDICINE is prepared (only) by the SOLE PROPRIETOR, H. LEE, No. 56, Maiden Lane, New-York, and sold, wholesale and retail, by

BOSLER & CO.
Front Street, Pittsburgh.

Where may be seen an extensive list of cures, certified by some of the most respectable citizens in the United States.

February 16, 1816.

Groceries and Boat STORES.

JAMES M'CAY,

Water Street, between Market and Ferry Streets,

HAS on hand, and keeps constantly for Sale, on the most liberal terms, the following articles, viz:—

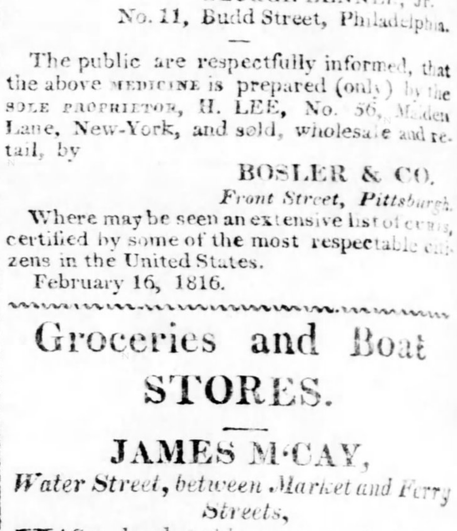
Liquors and Groceries,

of all kinds, and of the best quality.

PROVISIONS of every description.

☞ BOAT STORES put up on the shortest notice, and on the most accommodating terms to the purchaser.

Pittsburgh, February 28, 1816. 6m



THE SUBSCRIBERS.

HAVING entered into Partnership, inform their Customers and others, that they carry on their Business at G. MILTENBERGER'S Old Stand, next door to the Post-Office, under the firm of

Neal & Miltenberger.

where they manufacture and keep for Sale

Copper and Tin Wares,

of every description. They have now on hand a large supply of good COPPER, well assorted, and suitable for all kind of work; also, a number of STILLS, with WORMS complete.

They have likewise a

BRASS FOUNDERY,

in complete operation, where *Bells, Candlesticks, Andirons, Still Cocy Rivets* and *Castings* of every kind will be executed in the neatest manner.

Having made arrangements to be regularly supplied with good

Japanned Ware,

they will be able to furnish their Customers and others, with assortments on reasonable terms.

REUBEN NEAL,
GEORGE MILTENBERGER.

Pittsburgh, June 1, 1816.

N. B. They have just received a consignment of

Gilt Coat Buttons,

from the Manufactory in Connecticut, which they offer for Sale at the Philadelphia prices, with the addition of carriage.

FOR SALE.

A TRACT OF LAND, containing 300 Acres, situate in Ohio Township, Allegheny County, about 4 miles from the Ohio River, at present occupied by William Kidd, who will shew the land to any person wishing to purchase. For terms apply to the subscriber, living in Fayette township, Allegheny County.

KILLIAN LONG.

May 21, 1816.

Connemagh Salt.

THE subscribers have appointed LATSHAW & M'MILLAN, sole Agents in Pittsburgh, for the Sale of the SALT made at the Connemagh Works. A constant supply will be kept at their Warehouse in Second Street, the corner of Smithfield Street.

WILLIAM JOHNSTON,
ANDREW BOGGS.

May 28, 1816.